### M.E Semester: 1 Mechanical Engineering (Thermal Engineering) Subject Name: Fluid mechanics and Gas Dynamics

## A. Course Objective

- To present a problem oriented in depth knowledge of Fluid Mechanics and Gas Dynamics
- To address the underlying concepts and methods behind Fluid Mechanics and Gas Dynamics

### B. Teaching / Examination Scheme

		Teaching Scheme				Total		Evaluation Scheme				Total
30	DICI		т	D	Total	Credit	тц		16	CIA PR. /		
CODE	NAME	L.			THEORY		IL.	UA	VIVO	Marks		
		Hrs	Hrs	Hrs	Hrs		Hrs	Marks	Marks	Marks	Marks	
METH103	Fluid Mechanics & Gas Dynamics	4	0	2	6	5	3	70	30	20	30	150

### C. Detailed Syllabus

- 1. Review of fundamentals; types of flow; Generalized continuity equation; momentum and energy equations, Euler and Navier-Stokes equations, integration of the momentum equation; the generalized Bernoulli's equation; velocity of sound and its importance; physical difference between incompressible, subsonic and supersonic flows; three reference speeds; dimensionless velocity; concepts of static and stagnation parameters.
- 2. Two dimensional flow in rectangular and polar coordinates; stream function; irrotationality and the velocity potential function; vorticity and circulation; plane potential flow and the complex potential function; Sources, sinks, doublets and vortices; flow around corners; Rankine ovals; flow around circular cylinders with the without circulation; pressure distribution on the surface of these bodies
- 3. Aerofoils theory; Joukowski transformation; circular arc, symmetrical aerofoil theory; Joukowski aerofoils; Joukowski hypothesis; drag, and lift forces.
- 4. Flow in constant area duct; friction-governing equations; choking due to friction, performance of long ducts; isothermal flow in long ducts; Flow in constant area duct with heating and cooling; Normal shocks-Introductory remarks; governing equations; Rankine- Hugonout; Prandtl and other relations; weak shocks; thickness of shocks; normal shocks in ducts; performance of convergent-divergent nozzle with shocks; moving shock waves; shocks problems in one dimensional supersonics diffuser; supersonic pilot tube.
- 5. Dimensional analysis and similitude: Buckingham pie theorem; Van driest theorem; dimensional analysis; model study; compressible flow of viscous fluids.

Sr.No.	Date/Week	Unit No.	% Weightage	Topic No:
1	1 <sup>st</sup> ,2 <sup>ed</sup> ,3 <sup>ed</sup>	Unit 1	20 % .	1
2	4 <sup>th</sup> ,5 <sup>th</sup> ,6 <sup>th</sup>	Unit 2	20 %	2
3	7 <sup>th</sup> ,8 <sup>th</sup> ,9 <sup>th</sup>	Unit 3	20 %	3
4	19 <sup>th</sup> ,11 <sup>th</sup> ,12 <sup>th</sup>	Unit 4	20 %	4
5	13 <sup>th</sup> ,14 <sup>th</sup> ,15 <sup>th</sup>	Unit 5	20 %	5

## D. Lesson Planning

# E. Instructional Method & Pedagogy

- 9. At the start of course, the course delivery pattern , prerequisite of the subject will be discussed
- **10.** Lecture may be conducted with the aid of multi-media projector, black board, OHP etc. & equal weightage should be given to all topics while teaching and conduction of all examinations.
- **11.** Attendance is compulsory in lectures and laboratory, which may carries five marks in overall evaluation.
- **12.** One/Two internal exams may be conducted and total/average/best of the same may be converted to equivalent of 30 marks as a part of internal theory evaluation.
- **13.** Assignment based on course content will be given to the student for each unit/topic and will be evaluated at regular interval. It may carry an importance of ten marks in the overall internal evaluation.
- 14. Surprise tests/Quizzes/Seminar/Tutorial may be conducted and having share of five marks in the overall internal evaluation.
- **15.** The course includes a laboratory, where students have an opportunity to build an appreciation for the concept being taught in lectures.
- **16.** Experiments shall be performed in the laboratory related to course contents.

# 17. List of Experiments:

- 1. To study calibration characteristics of Rotameter.
- 2. Study of flow passing through Shocks.
- 3. Performance and testing of orifice plate, nozzle and Venturimeter.
- 4. To study different types of Wind tunnel.
- 5. To study the effect of angle of attack on Lift and Drag force.
- 6. To study the loss of energy in wake region behind the aerofoil in the wind tunnel.
- 7. To study the loss of energy in wake region behind various models (car, jeep, bus etc.) in the wind tunnel.
- 8. To draw profile of NASA Aerofoils.
- F. Students Learning Outcomes
- The student can identify different areas of Fluid Mechanics and Gas Dynamics.
- Can find the applications of all the areas in day to day life.
- G. Recommended Study Materials
- Text & Reference Books:
- 1. Advanced Fluid Mechanics, Raudkiri & Callander Edward Ronald
- 2. Fundamentals of Mechanics, Currie McGraw Hill of Fluids
- 3. Fluid Mechanics, Landau & Lifshitz Addition Wesley
- 4. Fluid Mechanics, Som & Biswas Tata McGraw Hyde antic Machinery
- 5. Gas dynamics, Ali Campbell & lennings.
- 6. Gas dynamics, Radha Krishnan , PHI
- 7. Fundamentals of compressible flow, S.M. Yahya, New Age Pub
- 8. The Phenomena of Fluid, Brodkey Addition Wesley Motion
- 9. Foundation of Fluid, Yuan Prentice Hall Mechanics
- 10. Fundamentals of Compressible Fluid Dynamics, P.Balachandran, PHI,